



<b>Title of Report</b>	<b>GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND COUNCIL TAX 2025/26</b>	
<b>Presented by</b>	Councillor Nick Rushton Corporate Portfolio Holder	
<b>Background Papers</b>	<p><b>Council 22 February 2024:</b> <a href="#">General Fund Budget and Council Tax 2024/25</a></p> <p><b>Corporate Scrutiny 7 January 2025:</b> <a href="#">Minutes</a></p> <p><b>Cabinet 9 January 2025:</b> <a href="#">Draft 2025/26 General Fund Budget and Council Tax</a></p>	<b>Public Report: Yes</b>
<b>Financial Implications</b>	<p>This report sets out the General Fund Revenue budget and Capital Programme and the Special Expenses budget for 2025/26 to 2029/30, which are needed for the Council to continue to deliver its services to residents, tenants and businesses.</p> <p><b>Signed off by the Section 151 Officer: Yes</b></p>	
<b>Legal Implications</b>	<p>There are no direct legal implications arising from this report.</p> <p><b>Signed off by the Monitoring Officer: Yes</b></p>	
<b>Staffing and Corporate Implications</b>	<p>The report and its appendices set out plans to create new posts and remove vacant posts from the establishment.</p> <p><b>Signed off by the Head of Paid Service: Yes</b></p>	
<b>Purpose of Report</b>	To allow the Council to approve the 2025/26 budgets.	
<b>Recommendations</b>	<p><b>THAT COUNCIL:</b></p> <p><b>1. APPROVES THE GENERAL FUND REVENUE BUDGET FOR 2025/26 AS SUMMARISED IN SECTION 2 OF THIS REPORT. THIS INCLUDES INCREASING THE DISTRICT COUNCIL’S SHARE OF COUNCIL TAX IN 2025/26 BY 2.5%</b></p>	

	<p><b>2. NOTES THE GENERAL FUND REVENUE INDICATIVE BUDGET FOR 2026/27 TO 2029/30 (APPENDIX 1).</b></p> <p><b>3. NOTES THE GENERAL FUND FEES AND CHARGES APPROVED BY CABINET ON 28 JANUARY 2025 (APPENDIX 3).</b></p> <p><b>4. APPROVES THE PROPOSED GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PROGRAMME (APPENDIX 4) FOR 2025/26 AND PLANNED FINANCING, AS SET OUT IN SECTION 3 OF THIS REPORT.</b></p> <p><b>5. NOTES THE REMAINING ELEMENTS OF THE GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2026/27 – 2029/30.</b></p> <p><b>6. APPROVES THE SPECIAL EXPENSES REVENUE BUDGET FOR 2025/26 (APPENDIX 6) AS SUMMARISED IN SECTION 4, INCLUDING SETTING THE SPECIAL EXPENSE BAND D COUNCIL TAX AT THE LEVELS DETAILED IN TABLE 4 OF THIS REPORT.</b></p> <p><b>7. APPROVES THE CONTINUATION OF NWLDC IN THE LEICESTER AND LEICESTERSHIRE BUSINESS RATES POOL IN 2025/26.</b></p> <p><b>8. APPROVE STHE CONTRIBUTION TO A CONTINGENCY BUDGET AS DETAILED IN THE GENERAL FUND BUDGET SUMMARY 2025/26 TO 2029/30 (APPENDIX 1)</b></p> <p><b>9. APPROVES THE ALLOCATION OF £100,000 FROM THE MTFP RESERVE TO CREATE AN EARMARKED RESERVE TO SUPPORT NECESSARY WORK TO UNDERSTAND THE WIDER IMPLICATIONS OF THE ENGLISH DEVOLUTION WHITE PAPER AS SET OUT IN PARAGRAPH 2.2.2 OF THE REPORT.</b></p>
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## **1.0 BACKGROUND AND DISCUSSION**

1.0.1 The Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) sets out the financial strategic direction for the Council and is updated as it evolves and develops throughout the year, to form the framework for the Council’s financial planning.

1.0.2 The purpose of the MTFP is to set out the key financial management principles, budget assumptions and service issues. It is then used as the framework for the detailed budget setting process to ensure that resources are effectively managed and are able to deliver the aspirations of the Council, as set out in the Council Plan, over the medium term.

### **1.1 Context**

1.1.1 The Council is setting its budget at a time when it continues to face a range of issues to contend with. In broad terms these can be split into three categories: economic, local government and locally in North West Leicestershire. Each of these is explored below:

## 1.2 Economic

1.2.1 The recent report by the Office of Budget Responsibility (OBR) in respect of the Economic and Fiscal Outlook describes how the economy is expected to grow by just over 1% this year rising to 2% in 2025 before falling to 1.5%, slightly below its estimated potential growth rate of 1 ⅓ % over the remainder of the forecast. The recent decisions made in the Government's Autumn Budget 2024 should push up inflation by around ½ a percentage point at their peak, meaning it is projected to rise 2.6% in 2025, and then gradually fall back to target.

## 1.3 Local Government

1.3.1 Local authorities in the UK are grappling with a range of financial challenges that impact their ability to deliver essential services and support their communities. Since 2010-11 core funding for local government has fallen significantly, forcing councils to make difficult decisions about which services to prioritise.

1.3.2 The demand for local government services, particularly in social care, housing and homelessness has increased substantially. An aging population and rising numbers of vulnerable individuals mean that councils are under pressure to provide more support with fewer resources.

1.3.3 Local Government Association (LGA) analysis shows that by 2026/27 these pressures will have increased the cost of delivering services by 12% since 2024/25, leaving councils facing a funding gap of £6.2bn across 2025/26 and 2026/27, just to sustain services at 2024/25 levels. These pressures come on top of the fact that councils have already absorbed a 22.2% real terms reduction in core spending power from 2010/11 to 2024/25.

1.3.4 The scale of the pressures facing the sector was demonstrated in February 2024 when the then Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities took the unprecedented step of announcing that 18 councils would receive Exceptional Financial Support in 2024/25 to address financial pressures that the councils considered unmanageable. All but two of these councils had social care responsibilities. This meant that the sector entered 2024/25 with more than 1 in 10 social care councils dependent on a significant one-off relaxation of the financial framework to secure their financial sustainability. The sheer scale of this intervention by the Government indicates the risk of financial failure is potentially becoming systemic.

1.3.5 The LGA is calling for the need for a significant and sustained increase in overall funding to stem the emerging risk of system-wide financial failure and to ensure that councils can meet growing demand for the vital services needed by their communities.

1.3.6 The Housing, Communities and Local Government Committee has launched an inquiry looking at whether the local government finance system in England is fit for purpose, recognising that the state of many councils' finances in England is at breaking point.

1.3.7 The Autumn Budget 2024, announced in October 2024, contained some important funding announcements for local government in 2025/26 including:

- a 3.2% real-terms increase in Core Spending Power for the whole sector in 2025/26. This includes £1.3bn additional grant funding, of which at least £600m will be directed to social care.
- £233m new funding for homelessness prevention. This is in addition to the £1.3bn grant funding.
- £1bn to extend the Household Support Fund and Discretionary Housing Payments into 2025/26.
- £1.1bn new funding through implementation of the Extended Producer Responsibility scheme for recycling.

1.3.8 The additional funding support for homelessness is welcome, however, the Government has not acted to increase the housing benefit subsidy cap for temporary accommodation or to uprate Local Housing Allowance rates again. This is likely to mean that significant temporary accommodation financial pressures will remain for councils.

1.3.9 Ahead of the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement, the Government released a Policy Statement 2025 to 2026 on 28 November 2024. It set out the Government's intentions for the Local Government Finance Settlement 2025/26, alongside longer-term plans for reforming local authority funding. It also confirms that 2026/27 will be the first multi-year funding settlement for local government in 10 years.

1.3.10 In addition, the Statement confirmed that all local authorities will see at least a 3% increase in their Core Spending Power before any decision they make about organisational efficiencies, use of reserves and Council Tax levels through a funding guarantee. Core Spending Power includes revenue from Council Tax, business rates, grants and other sources.

#### 1.4 Local – North West Leicestershire

1.4.1 The Council continues to face significant pressures. The latest forecast for 2024/25 indicates that the Council must incur agency costs to fill essential positions and ensure service delivery. This challenge is not unique to North West Leicestershire; it is a national issue highlighted in a recent LGA report. Specific difficulties are evident in the planning and finance departments, with particular challenges in recruiting key technical finance roles.

1.4.2 Forecasting income from planning remains challenging due to the volatility in planning applications. The budget proposals for 2025/26 aim to address the issues identified in 2024/25. This includes addressing the pay award, adjusting the budget for unachievable income targets in specific services, and investing in corporate services to support recruitment and retention. While the government has acknowledged the pressures on homelessness, additional funding will not be available until 2025/26.

1.4.3 The overspend for 2024/25 can be funded from MTFP reserves. Historically, the Council has relied on business rates growth and reserves to fund ongoing expenditure, a strategy that is not sustainable. Sustainable financial management requires long-term planning and budgeting. Reliance on reserves in previous years has hindered the development of a balanced budget and long-term financial strategy. However, the budget proposals for 2025/26 will contribute to putting the Council on a stable footing regarding its finances.

- 1.4.4 The multi-year settlement due to be announced in 2026/27 will provide the Council with some certainty on the funding available over the medium-term from which it can develop a robust medium term financial plan. The one-year settlements seen in recent years have hampered medium-term financial planning for the sector.
- 1.4.5 The Council's external auditors recently issued disclaimed opinions in respect of the financial statements for 2021/22 and 2022/23, however, they did not highlight a risk of significant weakness in arrangements for financial sustainability.
- 1.4.6 The highest financial risk as Government has indicated is that it is looking to reset the business rates growth baseline and redistribute resources to councils across the country. This is alongside the funding review which is expected to be implemented in 2026/27.
- 1.4.7 The Council continues to review its financial management arrangements, with a focus on improvements to the financial system to improve reporting.

## 1.5 Principles Underpinning the Budget Strategy

- 1.5.1 The Council's principles as a basis for financial management and budget planning are as follows:

Guiding Principles	Key Strategies for Developing Budget 2025/26 and MTFP 2025-30
Financial Stability and Sustainability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plan ahead for potential Government funding changes (including Business Rates Reset)</li> <li>Do not become overly reliant on Business Rates funding for on-going service provision</li> <li>Use future surpluses in Business Rates funding for future one off investment to reduce ongoing revenue costs or generate income</li> </ul>
Resources Focussed on Priorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Align resources to Council Delivery Plan objectives</li> </ul>
Maximising Our Sources of Income	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fees and Charges maximised in accordance with the Corporate Charging Policy (increased by inflation)</li> </ul>
Managing our Risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acceptable level of risk tolerance</li> <li>Review of reserves strategy and position</li> </ul>

## 1.6 Budget Assumptions

- 1.6.1 The following budget assumptions have been built into the forecast:

- Pay award
  - 2024/25 – additional 1%, increasing from 3% to 4%
  - 2025/26 – additional 1%, increasing from 2% to 3%
  - 2026/27 onwards to remain as 2%
- Contracts price increases have been linked to the CPI/Retail Prices Index (RPI) as per individual agreements

- Inflation – fuel and utilities inflation are very volatile. After reviewing the current prices and future indications based on the best information available, and allowing for reviewing utility contracts, a minimal level of inflation has been included.

Cost	Increase in Budget 2025/26
Fuel	5%
Gas	5%
Electricity	5%
Water	5%

- Fees and charges – increased by the Consumer Price Index as at September 2024. See section 2.4 for more detailed information on fees and charges.
- In broad terms, other expenditure has not had any inflationary factor applied with a few exceptions where material costs have had to be increased to keep up with rising prices (e.g. Grounds Maintenance).

## 2.0 GENERAL FUND BUDGET 2025/26

### 2.1 General Fund Budget Summary

2.1.1 Appendix 1 shows the general fund budget position for 2024/25 and the budget for approval for 2025/26, as well as an indicative budget for 2026/27 to 2029/30.

2.1.2 Table 1 below highlights that in 2025/26 the net revenue expenditure has increased by £442k compared to 2024/25 and the anticipated funding has also increased by £1,493k.

**Table 1: Changes to the General Fund budget from the previous year**

	2024/25 £'000	2025/26 £'000	Movement £'000
Total Funding	(17,411)	(18,904)	(1,493)
Net Revenue Expenditure	18,163	18,705	542
<b>Funding (surplus)/deficit</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>(198)</b>	<b>(950)</b>
Contributions to/(from) reserves	(752)	(488)	264
Contribution to Contingency Budget	0	686	686

2.1.3 The surplus of £686k in 2025/26 is to be set aside in a contingency budget, this will be utilised to fund any unexpected in-year pressures. Within the Net Revenue Expenditure, £488k are one-off expenditure proposals which are discussed in further detail in section 2.2 below and are being met from the Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) reserve and Business Rates Reserve (BRR).

2.1.4 The forecast financial position for the medium term is set out in Appendix 1. Although the Council currently has a balanced budget for 2025/26 with the surplus of £686k being set aside in a contingency budget, there is uncertainty for the future as the budget gap

for 2026/27 is £411k increasing to £3,349k in 2029/30. It is not part of the Council's financial strategy to continue to use the BRR to fund revenue expenditure as detailed above in section 1.5.1. This situation arises amidst funding uncertainty for local authorities. The Government has stated that a multi-year settlement will not be provided until 2026/27, complicating medium-term forecasting. Additionally, proposals for a business rates reset and the associated uncertainties have led the Council, along with other local authorities, to rely on Pixel, a specialist in local government finance analysis, to project funding based on available information.

2.1.6 The budget options proposed for 2025/26 have helped to reduce the base funding position. However, there is still a funding gap over the medium-term coupled with an uncertain economic climate and ambiguity in respect of the local government finance funding regime.

2.1.7 A robust corporate and financial plan is required to bridge the funding gap and ensure the Council can balance its budget for 2026/27 and over the medium term. This plan should initially focus on being more efficient with the aim of having the same service outcomes at a lower cost. However, it needs to be flexible enough to adapt to potential national changes to local government funding which may require reductions in service levels in the future. There is a Transformation Programme planned to support this which is detailed in section 2.3.1 below.

## **2.2 Budget Changes to the MTFP**

2.2.1 Appendix 2 sets out the most significant planned changes to the general fund budgets for 2025/26 to 2029/30.

2.2.2 Focusing on 2025/26, the budget changes from the previous year indicate a total saving of (£386k) and include:

- **Unavoidable cost pressures £1,412k including:**
  - Pay related costs which are due to increase by £378k due to a combination of funding the unbudgeted balance of the pay award for 2024/25 and an additional 1% being included in 2025/26.
  - National Insurance increases of £351k are expected to be funded from additional central government funding. Alongside the Provisional Settlement published on 18 December 2024, the Government has indicated that £515m will be available to support the initial costs. However, whilst allocations to local authorities will not be announced until early in 2025, indications are that the funding will be insufficient to meet the full costs.
  - Service pressures of £493k which includes £80k for one off-costs funded from reserves. Other pressures include £50k increase on general inflation for utilities, business rates and fuel, and £215k to remove unachievable income or savings budgets.
  - Technical adjustments of £190k which is mainly a reduction in HRA recharge income due to changes in the apportioning.
  
- **Additional Capacity £1,263k including:**

- Creation of a contingency budget in 2025/26 only of £686k to assist with any in- year pressures.
  - Contribution to feasibility project costs of £100k funded from BRR.
  - Additional short-term resource in Internal Audit, Insurance and Finance graduate totalling £198k to be funded from the MTFP reserve
  - Additional resources in Legal, HR and Property services totalling £127k
  - In light of the recent publication of the Government's English Devolution White Paper, it is considered prudent to set aside a sum of £100,000 to undertake any necessary work required to understand the wider implications for North West Leicestershire. This allocation will enable thorough analysis and strategic planning, ensuring that the Council is well-prepared to navigate the changes and opportunities that devolution and any associated reorganisation proposals may bring. this will be funded from the MTFP reserve.
- **Savings Agreed (£573k) including:**
    - Funding of Regeneration salaries from capital for 2025/26 only of (£500k)
    - Deletion of vacant posts within Community Services of (£71k)
  - **Reserve Contributions (£388k)** – see Appendix 2 for detailed breakdown of which costs are being funded from the reserves
  - **UKSPF Grant** – the Council has been awarded £790k for 2025/26, revenue of £644k and capital of £146k. Given the information was announced recently, further analysis is required to explore whether the funding can support current general fund costs.
  - **Food Waste Roll Out** – the Council has not received confirmation of the revenue grant award for transitional funding. No cost pressure has been included in the budgets.

## 2.3 The Year Ahead by Service Area

### 2.3.1 Transformation

2.3.1.1 In June 2024, the Council approved its Transformation Delivery Plan, which serves as a comprehensive blueprint for addressing the critical challenges of financial sustainability currently faced by the Council. This Plan is not merely a fiscal roadmap; it also represents a commitment to enhancing service delivery and aligning the Council's functions with the needs of the community it serves. The Transformation Delivery Plan is a pivotal element in the Council's dedication to achieving service excellence and operational effectiveness.

2.3.1.2 The Transformation Steering Group has approved several initiatives, including a review of how the Council interacts with its customers. The £500k allocated in the



2024/25 budget is intended to support a range of these initiatives. Additionally, the Council has recently appointed a Transformation Officer to manage and support the Transformation Programme.

### **2.3.2 ICT**

- 2.3.2.1 Moving to a hybrid/agile working operating model has meant that the service supports 500 officers, including Councillors and remote offices, which is a pressure on ICT services. There is a greater focus on IT security and IT audits, this will continue over the medium to long term, to ensure that the Council is compliant with ICT standards and practices. IT is a fundamental core pillar for the organisation.
- 2.3.2.2 There are a large number of ICT systems which require upgrades as the software reaches end of life or end of contract.
- 2.3.2.3 There are likely to be several projects emerging from the Transformation Programme which will require ICT support, for example artificial intelligence (AI)
- 2.3.2.4 The service will review the numerous ICT contracts in places across the Council with a view to moving them to cloud services, to reduce operating cost as well as ensuring that the systems deliver value for money.

### **2.3.3 Finance**

- 2.3.3.1 The Finance Team has continued to face recruitment and retention challenges, a trend reflected nationally and highlighted in the recent Local Government Association Report. Despite these issues, the team successfully completed the Statements of Accounts for 2021/22 and 2022/23 ahead of the Government's backstop date.
- 2.3.3.2 Significant enhancements have also been made to the Unit 4 financial system and other associated systems to improve processes. In the next financial year, the focus will be on completing the Statements of Accounts for 2023/24 and 2024/25, as the Council aims to rebuild assurance in its financial reporting. Additionally, there will be a focus on improving the exchequer and financial planning systems and processes.
- 2.3.3.3 The resources of the Internal Audit team were reviewed in 2024 to ensure that appropriate audit coverage was provided to the Council, both in terms of General Fund and Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and provide the appropriate level of assurance to Audit and Governance Committee. It is proposed to add an additional auditor post to the establishment in 2025/26. This will increase the number of audit days per year from 315 to 502. It is necessary to review the level of recharges to the HRA to ensure that they are commensurate with the number of audit days provided to the Housing Service.

### **2.3.4 Legal and Support Services**

- 2.3.4.1 Priorities for the Democratic Services Team in 2025/26 will be to conduct the County Council Elections in May 2025 (this is subject to whether Leicestershire County Council's request to Government to cancel the elections and be part of the Government's Priority Devolution Programme is accepted, implement the outcome of

the Local Government Boundary Commission Review of Electoral Arrangements and conduct a Community Governance Review for the District.

- 2.3.4.2 The Legal Services Team has recently restructured to align resources to the needs of the organisation and an additional solicitor post was added to the establishment in 2024 to meet demand.

## **2.3.5 Organisational Development**

- 2.3.5.1 A key focus for the Human Resources team in the next few years will be recruitment and retention issues affecting parts of the workforce and ensuring the Council remains an attractive employer to both new applicants while retaining existing employees. The Council will also be seeking to achieve greater efficiency through the reduction of sickness absences.

## **2.3.6 Strategic Housing**

- 2.3.6.1 There continues to be increasing demand for the Council's statutory homelessness service. This has led to increasing expenditure in relation to emergency accommodation. This year the Council has begun to implement the new Homelessness Strategy and revised the allocations policy; this will really begin to have an impact once supported accommodation has been fully commissioned . This will be done in partnership with East Midlands Housing (EMH) to provide better quality accommodation with support and more preventative focussed services to those who we have a statutory obligation to house. This plan to provide a better service and reduce the use of bed and breakfast accommodation should deliver financial savings once fully implemented. Though this should be considered against a predicted 25% increase in homelessness applications from last year.

## **2.3.7 Community Services**

- 1.3.7.1 This is a front-facing function within the Council incorporating waste, parks, car parks, toilets, burials, leisure, markets, licencing, environmental health, community safety, community focus, environmental protection and fleet management.
- 1.3.7.2 Plans are in train to roll out mandatory food waste collections to all households in the district in 2025/26. A review of the waste service can now progress since the new government has now confirmed what is acceptable under the Environment Act.
- 1.3.7.3 The service also intends to see changes to its car parking provision with the addition of a new 150 space car park in Ashby. This is still subject to Cabinet approval.
- 1.3.7.4 Work continues with zero carbon measures across the Council and new schemes will be rolled out as business cases are developed for the Council's fleet and buildings

particularly in order that the Council can meet its aspiration to be zero carbon by 2030 for its own operations.

### **2.3.8 Planning and Development**

2.3.8.1 The key service issue for the Planning Policy team is to continue to progress the Local Plan Review. There are associated risks with this work, including any unanticipated requirement for additional evidential work over and above that currently budgeted for. As a result of proposed upcoming changes to Regulations, the Local Plan will now need to be submitted by December 2026 rather than June 2025. Following consultation earlier this year and policy changes proposed by the new government, including changes to housing requirements, it is likely that the Council will incur additional costs for preparing the local plan as a result of new or updated evidence requirements. It is likely that the Local Plan examination will take place in early 2027 and if the Local plan was to be found to be not sound at Examination, or if it is not possible to submit by December 2026, then it would be necessary to revisit and update evidence at significant cost to the Council.

2.3.8.2 The key service issue for the Planning and Development Team is to maintain the high level of performance achieved in meeting government targets for the determination of planning applications. Planning application fee income has again dropped significantly so far in the first two quarters of 2024/25 and the fees increases of 35% for major applications and 25% for all other applications that came into force on 6 December 2023 has had little impact so far in meeting projected fee income. A few major applications have been received, any additional fee income received over and above the projected budget will be put in reserve to manage workload peaks and troughs and to balance the Planning and Development budget in future years.

### **2.3.9 Property Services and Economic Regeneration**

2.3.9.1 The Council's portfolio of commercial properties offers an opportunity to generate significant income, but the stock has suffered from an historic lack of investment which needs to be reversed if potential is to be maximised. Consideration will also need to be given to investment in energy efficient measures to meet government regulations.

2.3.9.2 The continuing prioritisation of Regeneration Projects across the District creates a need for capital investment. Central Government grant support for this work would be welcomed and would unlock economic growth.

## **2.4 Fees and Charges**

- 2.4.1 The Council provides a large number of services to local residents that incur a fee. Appendix 3(a) to 3(c) sets out key changes to fees and charges for 2025/26. Charges were approved by Cabinet in January 2025.
- 2.4.2 The fees and charges have been increased by 1.7% which was the Consumer Price Index as at September 2024. Where appropriate, it has been considered, areas where demand has changed which impacts on the income.

## 2.5 Funding

2.5.1 The Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement 2025/26 was published late December, the final settlement is due early February. The information is provided by Pixel, the Council's technical funding adviser and from local intelligence, for example of anticipated business rates growth. The key funding changes are:

- **New Homes Bonus (£679k) increase** – for 2025/26 only. No further years income has been budgeted or is expected. The Medium Term Financial Plan assumes that the Council will no longer receive this funding beyond 2026/27.
- **Minimum Funding Guarantee (MFG) £630k decrease** - This grant is to ensure the Council is not significantly affected by the reduced New Homes Bonus (NHB) Grant. As the NHB grant has continued for another year, MFG has been reduced accordingly.
- **Increase in Business Rates** - Growth in the District is expected to result in an increase in business rate income. It is recommended that the additional income is not used to fund ongoing revenue spend and instead, is set aside within the business rates reserve to fund the capital programme. This is due to the risk North West Leicestershire faces from a potential business rates reset which could happen in 2026/27. North West Leicestershire has seen the biggest growth above its business rates baseline in all local authorities in England and therefore, could face a significant reduction in funding if and when such a policy is implemented.
- **Revenue Support Grant (£51k) increase** – an increase in 2025/26, with an additional (£142k) expected in 2026/27.
- **Services Grant £15k decrease** – this grant has now ceased from the Government's Autumn Statement stating it will be repurposed.
- **Council Tax income is assumed to decrease by £48k**– although there is taxbase growth in the district, the Council Tax increase has been set at 2.5%, instead of the previously forecast 2.75%. This has been set based on the council tax base calculated for 2025/26.
- **Extended Producer Responsibility Grant (£1,574k) increase** – this is a new grant for 2025/26. There is no certainty of future years grant, therefore, a 20% annual reduction has been assumed in the MTFs. In 2025/26 it has been paid as a separate grant, however, the Government has indicated that it will be mainstreamed into the core funding settlement which provides an additional level of uncertainty.
- **National Insurance Increases (£351k)** – additional funding is expected to be received to fund the rate and threshold changes announced in the Autumn Statement,

however, early indications are that the funding will not be sufficient to meet the full cost increase.

- 2.5.2 The draft budget assumes the value of the District's share of council tax is increased by 2.5%.

## 2.6 General Fund Reserves

- 2.6.1 The Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) reserve is to help manage deficits and funding volatility. The value of this reserve is forecast to be £4.4m as at 31 March 2026.

- 2.6.2 In addition to these reserves, the Council also has earmarked reserves estimated to be £4.4m as at 31 March 2026, falling to £4.2m by 31 March 2026 and general balances of £1.5m. A summary of these reserves can be found in table 2 below.

**Table 2: Summary of estimated reserves 2025/26 – 2029/30**

Reserve Name	Estimated Balance as at 1/4/25 £000	Commitments & Budget Proposals 25/26 £000	Estimated balance as at 31/3/26 £000	Future (use)/contribution incl budget proposals 26/27 to 29/30 £000	Estimated Balance 31/3/30 £000
Earmarked Reserves - General Fund	4,842	(408)	4,433	(163)	4,270
MTFP Reserve	4,678	(295)	4,383	(157)	4,226
Business Rates Reserve	13,193	1,804	14,997	17,639	32,635
General Balance (minimum level of reserves)	1,544	0	1,544	0	1,544
<b>Total Reserves</b>	<b>24,256</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>25,357</b>	<b>17,319</b>	<b>42,675</b>

- 2.6.3 Earmarked reserves are those reserves that have been earmarked for a specific purpose. The estimated balances include items currently committed. A table showing details by service can be found in Appendix 5.

- 2.6.4 The MTFP reserve is expected to be £4.m after taking into account the funding of one-off budgets for 2025/26. It will be used to mitigate unbudgeted pressures (including anticipated Government funding reduction), pump-priming invest to save opportunities and the transformation programme, and funding the capacity to deliver a medium-term financial plan.

- 2.6.5 Contributions into the business rates reserve are expected to be £1.8m in 2025/26 and £17m across 2026-2030. As mentioned above in paragraph 2.5.1, this is due to Business Rates growth, Leicestershire Business Rates Pool allocations and Freeport allocations. It is proposed to use this reserve to fund the capital programme. The figures in Table 2 are net of forecast funding of the capital programme.

- 2.6.6 General balances are the minimum level of reserves that is prudent to hold.

## 3.0 CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2025/26 TO 2029/30

### 3.1 General Fund and Special Expenses Capital Programme

#### 3.1.1 Capital Strategy

3.1.2 The Capital Strategy includes a few key changes and improvements for the 2025/26 and future years' programme.

3.1.3 A key change introduced in 2023/24, is the reduction in the use of external borrowing to fund programmes. This will minimise the Council's exposure to increases in interest rates. Schemes would be funded from internal sources such as reserves, (mainly the MTFP and the Business Rates Reserves), capital receipts, and revenue contributions. External grant applications would be made for schemes which qualify for such funding.

3.1.4 The capital programme is divided into two parts – active projects and schemes in a development pool. The active projects are schemes which have been approved by Council (in-year or in previous years) and currently being delivered. Some new schemes have been added to the active pool as part of the budget process.

3.1.5 Projects in the development pool are subject to a full business case being developed before moving to the active category. The business case is scrutinised by the Capital Strategy Group before going onto Cabinet or Council for full approval in line with the Constitution.

3.1.6 These planned improvements to managing schemes through their project lifecycle will contribute towards better financial management and governance.

3.1.7 The Capital Strategy is available within the Draft Capital Strategy, Treasury Strategy and Prudential Indicators report on the same agenda.

#### 3.2.1 2025/26-2029/30 Capital Programme

3.2.2 The proposed General Fund capital programme is outlined in Appendix 4. The five-year programme totals £19.140 million, a reduction of £2.723m when compared with the previous five-year programme. A summary of the higher value schemes are:

##### Active Programme

- **Marlborough Centre purchase and renovation:** The Council acquired the Marlborough centre property in 2022/23. The building will be redeveloped at an estimated cost of £2.953m over the next three years from 2025/26 and the project is to provide residential apartment properties and commercial units. The residential units will be sold after completion to generate capital receipts and the commercial units will be let to businesses to generate income to support service provision.
- **Food Waste Collections:** This is a £2.2m project jointly funded by the Council and Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). The project aims to divert food wastes from landfill or incineration to recycling via an anaerobic digestion facility in Atherstone where it is used to produce green energy and a bio-fertiliser for use on farmland. The trial of this project has proved successful. The Government has mandated all councils that food waste collections are rolled out to all residents by April 2026. The £1.154m in the Council's capital budget for 2025/26 is to cover the purchase of food waste collection vehicles food waste containers.

##### Development Pool (require further Cabinet approval)

- **Coalville Regeneration Project:** Investment of £1.5m in 2025/26 to deliver projects set out in the Coalville regeneration framework document which is in the strategic business objective of the Council.
- **Fleet replacement programme:** A programme to replace old vehicles with environmentally friendly fleet for services such as waste, parks and housing. The old vehicles would be sold and the receipts from sales re-invested in the programme. This is year three of this programme. A business case is currently in progress for investment required for future years.
- **Stenson Square public realm:** This is a £2m investment across the next two years from 2025/26 to create a new public realm. This scheme will invest in Council-owned land at Stenson Square and London Road car park to create improved facilities for the general public.
- **Enterprise Park:** This is a £3.7m project across two years from 2025/26 which is to create serviced employment land and the Council in turn will rent or sell to end users thereby generating capital receipts and/or ongoing income.

### 3.3 Funding the Capital Programme

3.3.1 The capital programme is funded from a variety of sources, including revenue, reserves, grants and borrowing. Ahead of the final budget the Council will continue to look at ways to optimise the funding of its capital programme and minimise the impact on its revenue budget over the medium term. This will include looking at the current capital programme to see if schemes currently funded by borrowing could be financed from reserves. Table 3 below summarises the current identified funding sources for each year of the general fund capital programme.

**Table 3: Sources of funding for the General Fund capital programme**

<b>Funding Sources</b>	<b>2025/26 £ '000</b>	<b>2026/27 £ '000</b>	<b>2027/28 £ '000</b>	<b>2028/29 £ '000</b>	<b>2029/30 £ '000</b>	<b>Total £ '000</b>
Grants / Contributions	1,878	670	670	670	670	4,558
Capital Receipts	21	-	-	-	-	21

Revenue Contributions	22	-	-	-	-	22
Business Rates Reserve	7,597	5,748	941	60	192	14,538
Earmarked Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,518</b>	<b>6,418</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>19,140</b>

3.3.2 The monies set out in the Reserves line in the table above will be drawn down from the Business Rates Reserve. As per paragraph 2.5.5, there is forecast to be sufficient monies in the reserve to finance the capital programme commitments.

#### **4.0 SPECIAL EXPENSES 2025/26**

4.1 The Council currently operates six special expense accounts where it provides additional services specific to some areas of the district. The Council's Special Expense Policy sets out the criteria and services that are classified as special expenses.

4.2 The special expenses budget includes a five-year Planned and Preventative Maintenance (PPM) programme which should provide sufficient budget to cover future planned maintenance along with a programme for play equipment replacement. The PPM programme has been reviewed and updated as part of the budget preparation.

4.3 It should be noted any increases in council tax for special expense areas are considered as part of the District Council's proportion of the council tax when calculating and considering the Referendum Principles for increases in Council Tax.

4.4 As part of the budget process the net expenditure requirements for each special expense area have been reviewed against the level of funding available through precepts, grants, S106 Funding and earmarked reserves. In line with statutory requirements for the Council it is important that each special expense area produces a balanced budget and is financially sustainable. A key element of good practice financial sustainability is to have a minimum level of balances for each special expense area, which is recommended at circa 10% of reoccurring expenditure.

#### **4.5 2025/26 Budget Setting**

4.5.1 A budget requirement covering the period 2025/26 to 2029/30 has been produced for each special expense area and is available at Appendix 6. Also included in Appendix 6, is the movement from the 2024/25 to 2025/26 base budget and details of the Planned and Preventative Maintenance (PPM) included in the budget.

4.5.2 All of the special expense areas include a budget for PPM which should provide sufficient funding to cover future planned maintenance along with a programme for play equipment replacement (where applicable). The PPM programme has been updated as part of the budget preparation.

#### **4.6 Special Expense Precepts 2025/26**



4.6.1 The Council is required to set a balanced budget for each special expenses account. It is good practice to have a minimum level of balances, which is recommended at circa 10% of reoccurring expenditure. With the exception of Whitwick, Oakthorpe, Donisthorpe and Acresford, all special expense accounts have sufficient balances forecast for 2025/26.

4.6.2 In relation to Oakthorpe, Donisthorpe and Acresford, there is a deficit balance brought forward from 2022 due to the replacement of fencing at the play area. The proposal is to increase the precept to enable the recovery of the deficit over the next two years. For Whitwick, the deficit has arisen due to a forecasted reduction in burial fee income and a forecasted reduced increase in the council tax base figures. The proposal is to increase the precept to enable the recovery of the deficit over the next five years.

4.6.3 Table 4 below shows the proposed Band D Council Tax for the special expense areas.

**Table 4 – Band D Annual Precept for each Special Expense Area**

Special Expense Area	Council Tax Band D 2024/25	Increase/ (Decrease)	Council Tax Band D 2025/26
Coalville	78.98	2.22	81.20
Coleorton	3.51	(0.63)	2.88
Hugglescote/Donington-le-Heath	8.83	1.10	9.93
Oakthorpe, Donisthorpe and Acresford	12.20	0.00	12.20
Ravenstone with Snibston	1.16	(0.12)	1.04
Whitwick	6.65	1.76	8.41

4.6.4 Special expense budgets, just like all council budgets, are subject to the inflationary pressures of the current economic environment. To ensure a balanced budget is proposed and mitigate any funding gaps, action has been taken to minimise PPM expenditure. As well as seeking to increase income from Section 106 contributions and fees and charges.

4.6.5 There are potential risks in these mitigating actions. For example, minimising PPM expenditure in 2025/26 by deferring non-essential spend to future years, may lead to higher routine maintenance in the short term. This may take time to implement the impact of reductions in service levels which could lead to short term cost pressure on the wider general fund.

## 5.0 KEY RISKS TO THE BUDGET

5.1 Table 5 below provides an assessment of the key risk areas to determine the robustness of the estimates and adequacy of reserves included in the General Fund budgets:

**Table 5: Key Risks to the Budget**

Area	Y/N	Comments
Is performance against the current year's budget on track and where variances are evident, ongoing and	Y	The 2024/25 financial monitoring is showing a projected overspend of £2,133k on the

Area	Y/N	Comments
unavoidable, are they appropriately reflected in the plans?		General Fund. This is expected to be funded from reserves. The on-going and unavoidable pressures, alongside potential reductions in reserve levels, have been factored into budget plans for 2025/26 and the medium term.
Are arrangements for monitoring and reporting performance against the savings plans robust?	Y	Delivery of savings/efficiencies will be monitored throughout the financial year and reported to stakeholders alongside the financial monitoring reports on a quarterly basis. As part of the Council's Transformation Programme, project management principles will be adopted with a suite of guidance and templates to support good practice, which, in turn will help the Council manage and monitor large scale transformation programmes.
The reasonableness of the underlying budget assumptions	Y	All budget proposals have been justified by service managers, reviewed by finance and subject to budget challenge sessions in the new process. External review has also been undertaken by the treasury advisers, Arlingclose, on the Treasury Management Strategy.
The alignment of resources with the Council's service and organisational priorities	Y	Resources are aligned to the current priorities of the Council. A new Council Delivery Plan (CDP) has been developed and was approved by Council on 14 November 2023. The CDP is aligned to the resources available and risks faced by the Council. The Council's ambition to be carbon neutral by 2030 is likely to require additional investment, however, the Council will look to maximise grant funding made available to it to support this priority.
A review of the major risks associated with the budget	Y	The major risks within the budget have been assessed and are set out in the budget report, including mitigations and strategies about how these are being managed.
The availability of un-earmarked reserves to meet unforeseen cost pressures	Y	The Council has a minimum level of reserves for General Fund of (£1.5m). In the Audit Commission's 'Striking a Balance' report published in 2012, the majority of Chief Finance Officers at the national level regarded an amount of between three and five per cent of Council's net spending as a prudent level for risk-based reserves.

Area	Y/N	Comments
		The General Fund position has been risk assessed to take account of potential unforeseen pressures.
Have realistic income targets been set and 'at risk' external funding been identified?	Y	<p>An assessment of income targets has been undertaken as part of the development of the draft budget.</p> <p>Fees and charges have been increased, where it is appropriate to do so, in accordance with the Council's Corporate Charging Policy.</p>
Has a reasonable estimate of demand cost pressures been made?	Y	The enhanced budget process used in the development of the draft budget has improved the reasonableness of estimates.
Has a reasonable estimate of future income been made?	Y	The budget proposals presented by services were reviewed by finance.
Have one-off cost pressures been identified?	Y	All pressures have been reviewed to assess if they are one-off or ongoing in nature. One-off proposals are to be funded from reserves. Services will need to ensure exit plans exist for one off expenditure.
Are arrangements for monitoring and reporting performance against the budget plans robust?	Y	<p>From 2024/25 Quarter 2, quarterly financial position will be reported to Cabinet and Scrutiny Committee.</p> <p>The new finance system has been developed to include a budget monitoring solution, intended to bring enhanced financial reporting for budget holders to support robust and regular monitoring of budgets.</p> <p>The Council will also need to enhance its development, monitoring and delivery of its plans to deliver balanced budgets over the medium term.</p>
Is there a reasonable contingency available to cover the financial risks faced by the Council?	Y	The Council has incorporated estimates for pay award, inflation and demand pressures into its budget. It has also made provisions for key income streams not materialising for business rates and council tax.
Is there a reasonable level of reserves, which could be used to mitigate any issues arising and are they reducing as the risks decrease?	Y	The Council has a range of earmarked, MTFP and minimum levels of reserves to ensure its financial stability.
The strength of the financial management function and reporting arrangements?	Y & N	The Council implemented a new financial system in April 2023 to improve its reporting. Further enhancements have been and are

Area	Y/N	Comments
		<p>also being implemented to the system to deliver this.</p> <p>A review of the Financial Procedures Rules is planned.</p>
<p>Have the previous years Accounts been signed off by external audit to verify balances?</p>	<p>N</p>	<p>The Council's Accounts for 2021/22 and 2022/23 were approved by Audit and Governance Committee on 9 December 2024. These were approved under the backstop regime introduced by Government in September 2024.</p> <p>Budget estimates and reserves balances for 2025/26 and beyond are based on the latest information incorporated into the 2021/22 and 2022/23 accounts.</p>
<p>Has there been a degree and quality of engagement with colleagues and councillors in the process to develop and construct the budget?</p>	<p>Y</p>	<p>There has been a continuation of the improvements introduced to the budget setting process last year.</p> <p>This has included a series of budget challenge sessions between the Directors and Heads of Service, as well as engagement with Corporate Leadership Team, Portfolio Holders, Strategy Group and an all councillor briefing.</p>

## 6.0 CONSULTATION

### 6.1 Consultation with Members

6.1.1 The Corporate Scrutiny Committee considered the draft general fund budget at the meeting on the 7 January 2025. Members asked a number of questions around the proposals, and more detail can be seen in the minutes for the meeting, which are included as a background paper to this report.

### 6.2 Public Consultation

6.2.1 As part of the budget consultation, the Council launched an online survey on 13 until the 26 January 2025 to seek the views of residents and businesses on the main changes within the budget. The survey was promoted via social media and set out the key changes to the budget and asked responders to state the extent to which they supported the proposed changes. Residents could also provide additional comments if they wanted to.

6.2.2 As part of the budget consultation, officers also wrote to representatives of the trade unions, parish and town councils and the federation of small businesses. These groups were asked to provide written comments or to complete the online survey in line with the timescales for the public consultation.

## 7.0 CONCLUSIONS

- 7.1 Based on the assumptions made in the Budget 2025/26 and MTFP 2025-30 for income and expenditure, the Council can set a balanced proposed budget for 2025/26.
- 7.2 Further work will need to be carried out going forward on balancing the budget gap for future years from 2026/27 onwards.
- 7.3 There has been equality impact assessments conducted by services on relevant proposals during this period.

<b>Policies and other considerations, as appropriate</b>	
Council Priorities:	The budget provides funding for the Council to deliver against all its priorities.
Policy Considerations:	None
Safeguarding:	None
Equalities/Diversity:	There have been equality impact assessments conducted by services on relevant proposals during this period.
Customer Impact:	Customers are likely to be impacted by the changes to fees and charges and District and special expenses precepts set out in this report. Equality Impact Assessments will be completed as part of the budget process.
Economic and Social Impact:	The General Fund capital programme allocates £4.6m to investing in Coalville Regeneration Projects over five years.
Environment and Climate Change:	There is 235k investment to support carbon zero initiatives.
Consultation/Community Engagement:	Corporate Scrutiny Committee – 7 January 2025 Public consultation will begin 13 January to 26 January 2025 Parish and town councils, trade unions and the Federation of Small Businesses - 13 January to 26 January 2025.
Risks:	The budgets will be monitored throughout the year to ensure the Council remains within its funding envelope and planned budget savings are delivered. Key risks to the budget are discussed in further detail in section 5 of the report.
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## NORTH WEST LEICESTERSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL GENERAL FUND SUMMARY BUDGET 2025/26

2024/25 Budget £	Service	2025/26 Indicative £	2026/27 Indicative £	2027/28 Indicative £	2028/29 Indicative £	2029/30 Indicative £
201,490	Chief Executive	201,490	201,490	201,490	201,490	201,490
732,700	Human Resources	756,780	759,270	761,930	761,930	761,930
1,873,460	Legal & Support Services	1,996,860	2,003,380	2,009,000	2,009,000	2,009,000
<b>2,807,650</b>	<b>Total Chief Executive</b>	<b>2,955,130</b>	<b>2,964,140</b>	<b>2,972,420</b>	<b>2,972,420</b>	<b>2,972,420</b>
137,970	Strategic Director of Place	137,970	137,970	137,970	137,970	137,970
1,279,120	Property & Economic Regeneration	717,255	1,218,415	1,219,610	1,219,610	1,219,610
1,070,580	Planning	1,073,730	1,073,730	1,081,585	1,081,585	1,081,585
(2,890)	Joint Strategic Planning	(4,600)	(6,340)	(8,120)	(9,930)	(9,930)
<b>2,484,780</b>	<b>Total Place</b>	<b>1,924,355</b>	<b>2,423,775</b>	<b>2,431,045</b>	<b>2,429,235</b>	<b>2,429,235</b>
110,990	Director of Communities	110,990	110,990	110,990	110,990	110,990
6,514,950	Community Services	6,339,090	6,123,370	5,932,560	5,733,660	5,733,660
540,188	Strategic Housing	540,188	542,188	542,188	542,188	542,188
<b>7,166,127</b>	<b>Total Community Services</b>	<b>6,990,267</b>	<b>6,776,547</b>	<b>6,585,737</b>	<b>6,386,837</b>	<b>6,386,837</b>
237,130	Strategic Director of Resources	237,130	237,130	237,130	237,130	237,130
1,009,760	Customer Services	1,011,180	1,012,630	1,014,110	1,014,110	1,014,110
1,052,640	Finance	1,110,460	1,053,990	1,055,590	1,055,590	1,055,590
1,170,850	Revenues & Benefits	1,211,620	1,233,230	1,255,710	1,255,710	1,255,710
1,221,640	ICT	1,252,280	1,252,280	1,262,280	1,262,280	1,262,280
570,090	Business Change	0	0	0	0	0
<b>5,262,110</b>	<b>Total Resources</b>	<b>4,822,670</b>	<b>4,789,260</b>	<b>4,824,820</b>	<b>4,824,820</b>	<b>4,824,820</b>
115,140	Non Distributed - Revenue Expenditure on Surplus Assets	116,120	117,120	118,140	118,140	118,140
69,980	Non Distributed - Retirement Benefits	71,330	72,710	74,120	74,120	74,120
92,500	Corporate & Democratic Core	108,500	113,500	113,500	113,500	113,500
526,781	Pay award	1,305,461	1,736,351	2,177,211	2,628,341	3,090,041
0	Contingency	686,283	0	0	0	0
<b>18,525,068</b>	<b>NET COST OF SERVICES</b>	<b>18,980,116</b>	<b>18,993,403</b>	<b>19,296,993</b>	<b>19,547,413</b>	<b>20,009,113</b>
(1,859,136)	Net Recharges from General Fund	(1,714,066)	(1,714,066)	(1,714,066)	(1,714,066)	(1,714,066)
<b>16,665,932</b>	<b>NET COST OF SERVICES AFTER RECHARGES</b>	<b>17,266,050</b>	<b>17,279,337</b>	<b>17,582,927</b>	<b>17,833,347</b>	<b>18,295,047</b>
<b>CORPORATE ITEMS AND FINANCING</b>						
<b>Corporate Income and Expenditure</b>						
1,906,878	Net Financing Costs	1,788,070	1,739,498	1,702,267	1,701,701	1,615,941
(410,200)	Investment Income	(150,360)	(150,360)	(150,360)	(150,360)	(150,360)
<b>18,162,610</b>	<b>NET REVENUE EXPENDITURE</b>	<b>18,903,760</b>	<b>18,868,475</b>	<b>19,134,834</b>	<b>19,384,688</b>	<b>19,760,628</b>
(770,805)	Budget Proposals Funded from Reserves - One-Off	0	0	0	0	0
19,448	Contribution to/(from) Balances/Reserves	0	0	0	0	0
<b>17,411,253</b>	<b>MET FROM GOVT GRANT &amp; COUNCIL TAX (Budget Requirement)</b>	<b>18,903,760</b>	<b>18,868,475</b>	<b>19,134,834</b>	<b>19,384,688</b>	<b>19,760,628</b>
<b>0</b>	<b>ANTICIPATED BASELINE FUNDING GAP</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>357,935</b>	<b>1,388,964</b>	<b>2,358,318</b>	<b>3,345,200</b>

2024/25 Budget £	Service	2025/26 Indicative £	2026/27 Indicative £	2027/28 Indicative £	2028/29 Indicative £	2029/30 Indicative £
<b>Financed By</b>						
(918,476)	New Homes Bonus	(679,330)	0	0	0	0
(11,470)	Council Tax - Previous year's Surplus/(Deficit)	0	0	0	0	0
(6,041,652)	Council Tax	(6,268,350)	(6,519,420)	(6,780,540)	(7,052,120)	(7,334,580)
(8,619,604)	Non Domestic Rates	(8,673,560)	(10,292,320)	(9,563,070)	(8,821,480)	(8,137,398)
(1,707,118)	Minimum Funding Guarantee	(1,577,320)	0	0	0	0
0	Extended Producer Responsibility	(1,574,000)	(1,259,000)	(1,007,000)	(806,000)	(645,000)
(16,782)	2022/23 Services Grant	0	0	0	0	0
(96,151)	Revenue Support Grant	(131,200)	(439,800)	(395,240)	(346,770)	(298,450)
<b>(17,411,253)</b>	<b>TOTAL FUNDING AVAILABLE</b>	<b>(18,903,760)</b>	<b>(18,510,540)</b>	<b>(17,745,850)</b>	<b>(17,026,370)</b>	<b>(16,415,428)</b>

**North West Leicestershire District Council**  
**General Fund Budget Amendments to the MTFP 2025/26 to 2029/30**

Proposal Description & Service Impact	Directorate	Service	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000	2027/28 £000	2028/29 £000	2029/30 £000	Reserve
<b>Unavoidable Cost Pressures</b>								
Increase in contract prices – Microsoft Licences, Firewall renewal, data centre	Resources	ICT	29					
Unachievable budgeted staff staffings	Resources	ICT	64					
Reducing Legal Income budget	Chief Executive	Legal	45					
Additional IT licenses - Legal	Chief Executive	Legal	6					
Additional subscription - Legal	Chief Executive	Legal	1					
Reducing Public Conveniences income budget	Community Services	Community Services	11					
Additional IT licenses - Waste - customer reporting software	Community Services	Community Services	7					
Reducing Waste Clearance income budget	Community Services	Community Services	106					
Additional property costs inc. security, facilities management, landlord costs and maintenance	Place	Property and Economic Regeneration	46					
Additional subscription - Finance	Resources	Finance	5					
Development of Unit 4 finance system	Resources	Finance	50	(50)				MTFP Reserve
Additional IT licenses - Finance systems	Resources	Finance	21					
Pay Award - additional 1% in 24/25 and 25/26	Various	Corporate	378	8	17	23	402	
National Insurance Increase	Various	Corporate	351					
Two Independent Member posts approved an allowance by the Remuneration Panel.	Chief Executive	Democratic Services	2					
Reducing government grant due to Universal Credit transfer to Department of Works and Pension	Resources	Finance	20					
Inflation on utilities, business rates and fuel	Various	Corporate	50	52	55	57	60	
Delivery of Asset Management Plans – play area equipment, changing pavilions and closed churchyards.	Community Services	Community Services	30	(30)				Business Rates Reserve
Technical budget adjustments and HRA recharges	Corporate	Corporate	190	7				
			<b>1,412</b>	<b>(13)</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>462</b>	
<b>Additional Capacity</b>								
Increase in Internal Audit resources to enable adequate audit coverage and assurance	Resources	Internal Audit	60	60	(120)			MTFP Reserve
Additional solicitor post – to adequately resource the team.	Chief Executive	Legal	62					
Increase of Senior Human Resources Advisor hours from 21.75 to 36.25	Resources	HR	22					
To recruit a "superuser" post for the new Capital Asset Facilities Management system	Place	Property and Economic Regeneration	43					
Creation of an Insurance Officer post, to manage the insurance contract including annual renewal.	Resources	Finance	53	53	(106)			MTFP Reserve
Upgrading the Financial Services Team Leader post to a Team Manager.	Resources	Finance	9					
Recruitment of a Principal Officer to lead the implementation of Council development projects	Place	Property and Economic Regeneration	63	(63)				Business Rates Reserve
Reversal of Ashby Toilets asset transfer decision made in February 2024.	Community Services	Community Services	26					
CCTV changes to manned hours. (Sunday hours)	Community Services	Community Services	7					
Recruit a finance graduate through the Local Government Association Graduate Programme	Resources	Finance	22	44	(66)			MTFP Reserve
Additional hours for Senior Planning Officer within the planning policy team.	Place	Planning and Infrastructure	5					
Increased planning application income to fund above	Place	Planning and Infrastructure	(5)					
Contribution to feasibility costs	Resources	Finance	100	(100)				Business Rates Reserve
Love Your Neighbour	Community Services	Community Services	10	(10)				MTFP Reserve
Devolution proposal	Corporate	Corporate	100	(100)				MTFP Reserve
Contingency Budget	Corporate	Corporate	686	(686)				
			<b>1,263</b>	<b>(802)</b>	<b>(292)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>Savings Agreed</b>								
Deletion of Leisure Officer at Measham Leisure Centre.	Community Services	Community Services	(18)					
Deletion of Community Focus post.	Community Services	Community Services	(53)					
Funding of regeneration salaries – capitalisation of salaries which provides a saving on the revenue budget	Place	Property and Economic Regeneration	(500)	500				
Disabled Facilities Grant service provision saving	Community Services	Community Services	(1)					
Everyone Active changes in line with contract	Community Services	Community Services	26	(38)				
De minimis budgets ranging from £2k to £10k including subscriptions and additional income	Various	Various	(27)					
			<b>(573)</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	



Proposal Description & Service Impact	Directorate	Service	2025/26 £000	2026/27 £000	2027/28 £000	2028/29 £000	2029/30 £000	Reserve
<b>Corporate</b>								
Treasury			(38)	0	0	28	(86)	
			<b>(38)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>(86)</b>	
<b>Funding</b>								
Extender Producer Responsibility Payment			(1,574)	315	252	201	161	
Business Rates							684	
National Insurance			(351)					
Council Tax			48	36	39	42	(282)	
Core Funding			(85)	(57)	0	0	48	
			<b>(1,962)</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>611</b>	
<b>Net Changes to MTFP</b>			<b>102</b>	<b>(59)</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>987</b>	
MTFP Reserve			(295)	3	292			
Business Rates Reserve			(193)	193				
<b>Total Reserve</b>			<b>(488)</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>Total</b>			<b>(386)</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>987</b>	

**North West Leicestershire District Council**  
**Proposed Fees & Charges 2025/26 - Place Directorate**

Service	Fee/Charge	Charging Policy	2024/25 Proposed Fees	2025/26 Proposed Fees	Percentage Change in Fees	Basis for Change
Property	Rent of Commercial Property	Rent agreement	No change	No change	n/a	Where new lease negotiated.
Property	Maintenance Charge for Commercial Property	% of rent	Various	Various	n/a	Where new lease negotiated.
Property	Service Charges for Commercial Property	Actual cost	No change	No change	n/a	Based on actual costs
Planning	Copy Planning/ Planning App Documents		No change	No change	0%	
Planning	Search fees CON29		No change	No change	0%	
Planning	Planning Application Fees	Set Nationally	Various	Various	n/a	Set Nationally
Planning	Planning Conditions Discharge	Set Nationally	Various	Various	n/a	Set Nationally
Planning	Pre-application fees	Individually determined	Individually determined	Individually determined	n/a	Individually determined

**North West Leicestershire District Council**  
**Proposed Fees & Charges 2025/26 - Communities Directorate**

Service	Fee/Charge	Charging Policy	2024/25 Fees	2025/26 Proposed Fees	Percentage Change in Fees	Basis for Change
Waste Services	Bulky Collections	Full Cost Recovery	£25 For 1-3 items, £6.20 for each additional item	£25 For 1-3 items, £6.20 for each additional item	0.0%	No increase
Waste Services	POP's Collections	Full Cost Recovery	£37.50 For 1-3 items, £7.80 for each additional item up to a maximum of 6 items	£38.00 For 1-3 items, £7.90 for each additional item up to a maximum of 6 items	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	Trade Refuse	Full Cost Recovery	between £10.00 to £21.20 for 240l, 360l, 1100l bins (per bin per collection)	between £10.20 to £21.60 for 240l, 360l, 1100l bins (per bin per collection)	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	Trade Sacks	Full Cost Recovery	£3.40 per sack (min 50 sacks)	£3.50 per sack (min 50 sacks)	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	Trade Recycling	Full Cost Recovery	between £4.30 to £7.30 for 240l, 360l, 1100l bins (per bin per collection)	between £4.40 to £7.40 for 240l, 360l, 1100l bins (per bin per collection)	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	Additional Garden Waste bin collection	Subsidised/Full Cost Recovery	£57.00	£58.00	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	Emptying of litter bins	Full Cost Recovery	between £3.80 to £6.70 (per bin per wk)	between £3.90 to £6.90 (per bin per wk)	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	MOT's - Staff vehicles	Subsidised	£40.00	£41.00	1.7%	September CPI
Waste Services	Air Con Service - Staff vehicles	Full Cost Recovery	£43.00	£44.00	1.7%	September CPI
Leisure Services	Football pitch fees	Subsidised	<b>Per match</b> - Junior £35.00, Adult £60.00. <b>Per season</b> - Junior £334.00, Adult £602.00	<b>Per match:</b> Junior £36, Adult £61. <b>Per season:</b> Junior £340, Adult £612	1.7%	September CPI
Leisure Services	3G Pitch fees (Hermitage Rec Grd)	Subsidised/Full Cost Recovery	Between £34.00 to £85.00 depending on pitch size and Adult/Junior	Between £35 to £86 depending on pitch size and Adult/Junior	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Prot (Leisure Services -Special Expenses)	Burial fees	Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary from £79.00 to £2,244.00	Fees vary from £80 to £2,279.00	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Protection	Public Conveniences - Ashby & Coalville	Full Cost Recovery	flat rate of £0.30p	flat rate of £0.30p	0.0%	No increase
Environmental Protection	EV	Profit Generating	70p kwh	70p kwh	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Protection	New Market	Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary from £17.50 to £60	Fees vary from £17.50 to £60	0.0%	No increase
Environmental Protection	Private Sector Housing	Full Cost Recovery	From £113 to £508	From £115 to £517	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Protection	Scrap Metal Dealers - Licenses	Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary from £41 to £592	Fees vary from £42 to £602	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Protection	High Hedges	Full Cost Recovery	£592.00	£602.00	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Protection	Noise surveys	Full Cost Recovery	£483.00	£491.00	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Protection	Caravans/Mobile Homes	Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary from £85 to £441	Fees vary from £86 to £448	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Health	Licensing	Subsidised/Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary between £3.21 and £64,000	Fees vary between £3.30 and £64,000	1.7%	September CPI

Service	Fee/Charge	Charging Policy	2024/25 Fees	2025/26 Proposed Fees	Percentage Change in Fees	Basis for Change
Environmental Health	Health and Food Safety	Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary between £5.50 and £172	Fees vary between £5.50 and £175	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Health	Border Inspection Post	Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary between £10 and £199	Fees vary between £10 and £204	1.7%	September CPI
Environmental Health	Pest Control	Subsidised/Full Cost Recovery	Fees vary between £19.80 and £220	Fees vary between £20.10 and £224	1.7%	September CPI
GF Housing	Caravan Site Rental	Rental Agreement	£43.39 from April 2023 on anniversary of individual rental agreement	£44.13 from April 2023 on anniversary of individual rental agreement	1.7%	September CPI
GF Housing	Lifelines for Private Customers - Basic	Contract	£5.10 pw	£5.19 pw	1.7%	September CPI
GF Housing	Lifelines Private Customers - Enhanced	Contract	£7.68 pw	£7.81 pw	1.7%	September CPI
GF Housing	Lifelines for Registered Providers - Basic	Contract	£2.33 to £4.07 pw	£2.37 to £4.14 pw	1.7%	September CPI

**North West Leicestershire District Council**  
**Proposed Fees & Charges 2025/26 - Resources & Chief Executive Directorates**

Service	Fee/Charge	Charging Policy	2024/25 Fees	2025/26 Proposed Fees	Percentage Change in Fees	Basis for Change
Legal	Legal fees various		Various	Various	0	No Change
Democratic Services	Electoral Registration sale of register	Statutory	Data - per 1000 electors or part thereof £1.50 + handling fee £20 Printed copy per 1000 electors or part thereof £5 + handling fee £10 Certificate of Registration (subject to review) £0.	Data - per 1000 electors or part thereof £1.50 + handling fee £20 Printed copy per 1000 electors or part thereof £5 + handling fee £10	1.7%	September CPI
Democratic Services	Address Management		Renaming existing Property £46.50. Naming/numbering existing property £46.50. Naming/numbering a development of up to 5 plots £46.50 per plot. Naming/numbering a development of more than 5 plots £232.50 + £24.50 for each plot from 6 onwards. Naming a street £174. Change to development after notification: Admin £61.25 plus £31.25 per plot Street re-naming at residents request £305 plus all compensation met by applicant Confirmation of postal address details £31.25 Number a new flat complex £31.25 per flat.	Renaming existing Property £47.00. Naming/numbering existing property £47.00. Naming/numbering a development of up to 5 plots £47.00 per plot. Naming/numbering a development of more than 5 plots £236.00 + £25.00 for each plot from 6 onwards. Naming a street £177. Change to development after notification: Admin £62.00 plus £32.00 per plot Street re-naming at residents request £310 plus all compensation met by applicant Confirmation of postal address details £32.00 Number a new flat complex £32.00 per flat.	1.7%	September CPI
ICT	Print Room Sales	Cost plus 25%	Mono 7p + paper and finishing Colour 8p + paper and finishing +25% for external customers	Mono 7p + paper and finishing Colour 8p + paper and finishing +25% for external customers	1.7%	September CPI
Finance - Fin Planning	External charges (Insurance)	Cost	Cost	Cost	Various	As per cost

## Draft 25/26 Capital Programme

PROJECT	2025/26 For Approval £	2026/27 Indicative £	2027/28 Indicative £	2028/29 Indicative £	2029/30 Indicative £	Total Indicative £	Grants/ Contributions	Capital Receipts	Revenue	Business Rates Reserve	Ear- Marked Reserves	Total
<b>ACTIVE PROJECTS</b>												
<b>Coalville Regeneration Projects</b>												
Marlborough Square Improvements	61,039	-	-	-	-	61,039	-	-	-	61,039	-	61,039
Marlborough Centre Purchase and Renovation	500,000	2,400,000	52,923	-	-	2,952,923	-	-	-	2,952,923	-	2,952,923
<b>Total Coalville Regeneration Projects</b>	<b>561,039</b>	<b>2,400,000</b>	<b>52,923</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,013,962</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,013,962</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,013,962</b>
<b>Vehicle, Plant and Equipment</b>												
Food Waste Collections	1,154,138	-	-	-	-	1,154,138	1,062,066	-	-	92,072	-	1,154,138
<b>Total - Vehicle, Plant and Equipment</b>	<b>1,154,138</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,154,138</b>	<b>1,062,066</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>92,072</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,154,138</b>
<b>New Construction or Renovation</b>												
The Courtyard Roof Repair	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	-	200,000
<b>Total - New Construction or Renovation</b>	<b>200,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>200,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>200,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>200,000</b>
<b>TOTAL ACTIVE PROGRAMME</b>	<b>1,915,177</b>	<b>2,400,000</b>	<b>52,923</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,368,100</b>	<b>1,062,066</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,306,034</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,368,100</b>
<b>DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME</b>												
<b>Coalville Regeneration Projects</b>												
Coalville Regeneration Framework	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
Demolition of Council Offices	120,000	-	-	-	-	120,000	-	-	-	120,000	-	120,000
<b>Total Coalville Regeneration Projects</b>	<b>1,620,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,620,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,620,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,620,000</b>
<b>UK Shared Prosperity Investment Plan Programme (UKSPF)</b>												
UK Shared Prosperity Investment Plan Programme	145,859	-	-	-	-	145,859	145,859	-	-	-	-	145,859
<b>Total - UK Shared Prosperity Investment Plan Programme (UKSPF)</b>	<b>145,859</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>145,859</b>	<b>145,859</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>145,859</b>
<b>Carbon Zero</b>												
Electrical Vehicle (EV) Charging Infrastructure Strategy	40,000	-	-	-	-	40,000	-	-	-	40,000	-	40,000
Solar Panels - Ashby & Coalville Leisure Centres	195,000	-	-	-	-	195,000	-	-	-	195,000	-	195,000
<b>Total - Carbon Zero</b>	<b>235,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>235,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>235,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>235,000</b>
<b>Systems / ICT Schemes</b>												
Laptop Replacement	92,000	49,000	49,000	60,000	92,000	342,000	-	-	-	342,000	-	342,000
Replacement Windows Server	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-	100,000
Wide Area Network (WAN)	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-	100,000
<b>Total Systems / ICT Schemes</b>	<b>192,000</b>	<b>49,000</b>	<b>49,000</b>	<b>60,000</b>	<b>192,000</b>	<b>542,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>542,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>542,000</b>
<b>Vehicle, Plant and Equipment</b>												
Refuse Bins and Recycling Containers	200,000	200,000	202,000	-	-	602,000	-	-	-	602,000	-	602,000
Fleet Replacement Programme	591,000	99,000	637,000	-	-	1,327,000	-	20,760	-	1,306,240	-	1,327,000
<b>Total - Vehicle, Plant and Equipment</b>	<b>791,000</b>	<b>299,000</b>	<b>839,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,929,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20,760</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,908,240</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,929,000</b>
<b>New Construction or Renovation</b>												
Hermitage Leisure Centre Demolition	146,068	-	-	-	-	146,068	-	-	-	146,068	-	146,068
Hermitage Recreational Ground 3G Pitch	-	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	-	150,000
Stenson Square Public Realm	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Enterprise Park	1,850,000	1,850,000	-	-	-	3,700,000	-	-	-	3,700,000	-	3,700,000
Moirs Furnace	266,741	-	-	-	-	266,741	-	-	-	266,741	-	266,741
Service Road Resurfacing	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	-	500,000
Car Park Resurfacing	164,000	-	-	-	-	164,000	-	-	-	164,000	-	164,000
<b>Total - New Construction or Renovation</b>	<b>3,926,809</b>	<b>3,000,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,926,809</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,926,809</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,926,809</b>
<b>TOTAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME</b>	<b>6,910,668</b>	<b>3,348,000</b>	<b>888,000</b>	<b>60,000</b>	<b>192,000</b>	<b>11,398,668</b>	<b>145,859</b>	<b>20,760</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,232,049</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,398,668</b>
<b>REFCUS</b>												
Disabled Facilities Grants	670,310	670,310	670,310	670,310	670,310	3,351,550	3,351,550	-	-	-	-	3,351,550
<b>TOTAL REFUS</b>	<b>670,310</b>	<b>670,310</b>	<b>670,310</b>	<b>670,310</b>	<b>670,310</b>	<b>3,351,550</b>	<b>3,351,550</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,351,550</b>
<b>SPECIAL EXPENSES</b>												
COALVILLE CEMETERY, MEADOW LANE (Broomleys)	22,000	-	-	-	-	22,000	-	-	22,000	-	-	22,000
<b>TOTAL SPECIAL EXPENSES</b>	<b>22,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,518,154</b>	<b>6,418,310</b>	<b>1,611,233</b>	<b>730,310</b>	<b>862,310</b>	<b>19,140,317</b>	<b>4,559,475</b>	<b>20,760</b>	<b>22,000</b>	<b>14,538,082</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,140,317</b>

**North West Leicestershire District Council**  
**Estimated Reserves 2025/26 to 2029/30**

TEAM	Estimated Balance as at 1/4/25 £	Commitments & Budget Proposals 25/26 £	Estimated balance as at 31/3/26 £	Future commitment incl budget proposals 26/27 to 29/30 £	Estimated Balance 31/3/30 £
<b>Earmarked Reserves:</b>					
Human Resources	30,000	0	30,000	0	30,000
Property and Economic Regeneration	2,032,754	(221,500)	1,811,254	(85,000)	1,726,254
Planning & Infrastructure	742,239	(62,250)	679,989	(16,645)	663,344
Joint Strategic Planning	181,341	0	181,341	0	181,341
Community Services	636,773	(124,630)	512,143	0	512,143
Strategic Housing	404,158	0	404,158	0	404,158
Director of Resources	69,327	0	69,327	0	69,327
Finance	166,638	100,000	266,638	0	266,638
Customer Services	11,678	0	11,678	0	11,678
Business Change	566,718	(100,037)	466,681	(61,588)	405,093
MTFP Reserve	4,677,502	(295,000)	4,382,502	(157,000)	4,225,502
Business Rates Reserve	13,192,593	1,803,912	14,996,505	17,638,789	32,635,294
<b>Total earmarked reserves - General Fund</b>	<b>22,711,719</b>	<b>1,100,495</b>	<b>23,812,214</b>	<b>17,318,556</b>	<b>41,130,770</b>
<b>Other reserves General Fund:</b>					
General Balance (minimum level of reserves)	1,544,493	0	1,544,493	0	1,544,493
<b>Total other Reserves - General Fund</b>	<b>1,544,493</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,544,493</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,544,493</b>
<b>TOTAL ALL RESERVES - GENERAL FUND</b>	<b>24,256,212</b>	<b>1,100,495</b>	<b>25,356,707</b>	<b>17,318,556</b>	<b>42,675,263</b>
<b>Total earmarked reserves - Special Expenses</b>	<b>12,124</b>	<b>(12,124)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Other reserves Special Expenses:</b>					
General Balance	107,101	(7,509)	99,592	0	99,592
<b>Total other Reserves - Special Expenses</b>	<b>107,101</b>	<b>(7,509)</b>	<b>99,592</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>99,592</b>
<b>TOTAL ALL RESERVES - SPECIAL EXPENSES</b>	<b>119,225</b>	<b>(19,633)</b>	<b>99,592</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>99,592</b>

**SPECIAL EXPENSES BUDGET SUMMARY 2024/25-2029/30**

<b>COALVILLE</b>	<b>2024/25 Budget</b>	<b>2025/26 Budget</b>	<b>2026/27 Budget</b>	<b>2027/28 Budget</b>	<b>2028/29 Budget</b>	<b>2029/30 Budget</b>
Cemetery	(14,440)	(8,120)	(7,210)	(6,270)	(5,310)	(4,340)
Planned Preventative Maintenance (Cemetery)	12,090	29,450	7,670	7,900	13,130	8,370
Other Expenses	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Parks, Recreation Grounds & Open Spaces	292,140	312,220	308,140	317,800	323,180	328,670
Planned Preventative Maintenance (Parks/Recreation Grounds)	24,400	14,450	189,660	75,180	69,260	77,700
Events	96,860	98,340	99,090	99,850	100,600	101,390
<b>Net Cost of Services</b>	<b>416,050</b>	<b>451,340</b>	<b>602,350</b>	<b>499,460</b>	<b>505,860</b>	<b>516,790</b>
Service & Committee Management	90,030	92,710	94,550	96,430	98,340	100,310
<b>Net Cost of Services after Recharges</b>	<b>506,080</b>	<b>544,050</b>	<b>696,900</b>	<b>595,890</b>	<b>604,200</b>	<b>617,100</b>
<b>Funded By:</b>						
Contribution To/ (From) Reserves	34,696	31,008	(97,514)	28,867	47,011	61,667
Precept (Council Tax)	(540,776)	(575,058)	(599,386)	(624,757)	(651,211)	(678,767)
<b>Total Funding</b>	<b>(506,080)</b>	<b>(544,050)</b>	<b>(696,900)</b>	<b>(595,890)</b>	<b>(604,200)</b>	<b>(617,100)</b>



<b>WHITWICK</b>	<b>2024/25</b>	<b>2025/26</b>	<b>2026/27</b>	<b>2027/28</b>	<b>2028/29</b>	<b>2029/30</b>
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Cemetery	(4,440)	8,960	9,780	10,610	11,460	12,320
Open Space and Car Park	4,220	4,330	4,420	4,510	4,600	4,690
Planned Preventative Maintenance	4,730	9,100	12,200	4,600	3,400	3,500
<b>Net Cost of Services</b>	<b>4,510</b>	<b>22,390</b>	<b>26,400</b>	<b>19,720</b>	<b>19,460</b>	<b>20,510</b>
Service Management	14,130	14,550	14,840	15,130	15,440	15,750
<b>Net Cost of Services after Recharges</b>	<b>18,640</b>	<b>36,940</b>	<b>41,240</b>	<b>34,850</b>	<b>34,900</b>	<b>36,260</b>
<b>Funded By:</b>						
Contribution To/ (From) Reserves	(299)	(13,770)	(11,874)	2,367	12,273	23,514
Precept (Council Tax)	(18,341)	(23,170)	(29,366)	(37,217)	(47,173)	(59,774)
<b>Total Funding</b>	<b>(18,640)</b>	<b>(36,940)</b>	<b>(41,240)</b>	<b>(34,850)</b>	<b>(34,900)</b>	<b>(36,260)</b>

<b>HUGGLESCOTE &amp; DONINGTON-LE-HEATH</b>	<b>2024/25</b>	<b>2025/26</b>	<b>2026/27</b>	<b>2027/28</b>	<b>2028/29</b>	<b>2029/30</b>
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Cemetery	(190)	5,540	6,380	7,230	8,100	8,980
Planned Preventative Maintenance	9,980	38,080	22,160	16,240	2,820	2,900
<b>Net Cost of Services</b>	<b>9,790</b>	<b>43,620</b>	<b>28,540</b>	<b>23,470</b>	<b>10,920</b>	<b>11,880</b>
Service Management	14,770	15,220	15,530	15,840	16,160	16,480
<b>Net Cost of Services after Recharges</b>	<b>24,560</b>	<b>58,840</b>	<b>44,070</b>	<b>39,310</b>	<b>27,080</b>	<b>28,360</b>
<b>Funded By:</b>						
Contribution To/ (From) Reserves	(1,372)	(32,605)	(14,402)	(5,748)	10,872	14,565
Precept (Council Tax)	(23,188)	(26,235)	(29,668)	(33,562)	(37,952)	(42,925)
<b>Total Funding</b>	<b>(24,560)</b>	<b>(58,840)</b>	<b>(44,070)</b>	<b>(39,310)</b>	<b>(27,080)</b>	<b>(28,360)</b>

<b>COLEORTON</b>	<b>2024/25</b>	<b>2025/26</b>	<b>2026/27</b>	<b>2027/28</b>	<b>2028/29</b>	<b>2029/30</b>
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Open Space	1,010	1,100	1,120	1,140	1,160	1,180
Planned Preventative Maintenance	1,300	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Net Cost of Services</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,160</b>	<b>1,180</b>
Service Management	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Net Cost of Services after Recharges</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,160</b>	<b>1,180</b>
<b>Funded By:</b>						
Contribution To/ (From) Reserves	(239)	593	275	12	(211)	(400)
Precept (Council Tax)	(2,071)	(1,693)	(1,395)	(1,152)	(949)	(780)
<b>Total Funding</b>	<b>(2,310)</b>	<b>(1,100)</b>	<b>(1,120)</b>	<b>(1,140)</b>	<b>(1,160)</b>	<b>(1,180)</b>

<b>OAKTHORPE, DONISTHORPE &amp; ACRESFORD</b>	<b>2024/25</b>	<b>2025/26</b>	<b>2026/27</b>	<b>2027/28</b>	<b>2028/29</b>	<b>2029/30</b>
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Play Areas	4,250	4,370	4,450	4,540	4,630	4,720
Planned Preventative Maintenance	1,660	0	0	0	2,200	0
<b>Net Cost of Services</b>	<b>5,910</b>	<b>4,370</b>	<b>4,450</b>	<b>4,540</b>	<b>6,830</b>	<b>4,720</b>
Service Management	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Net Cost of Services after Recharges</b>	<b>5,910</b>	<b>4,370</b>	<b>4,450</b>	<b>4,540</b>	<b>6,830</b>	<b>4,720</b>
<b>Funded By:</b>						
Contribution To/ (From) Reserves	5,424	7,305	7,408	7,514	5,419	7,724
Precept (Council Tax)	(11,334)	(11,675)	(11,858)	(12,054)	(12,249)	(12,444)
<b>Total Funding</b>	<b>(5,910)</b>	<b>(4,370)</b>	<b>(4,450)</b>	<b>(4,540)</b>	<b>(6,830)</b>	<b>(4,720)</b>

<b>RAVENSTONE</b>	<b>2024/25</b>	<b>2025/26</b>	<b>2026/27</b>	<b>2027/28</b>	<b>2028/29</b>	<b>2029/30</b>
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Open Space	480	490	500	510	520	530
Planned Preventative Maintenance	640	660	680	700	720	740
<b>Net Cost of Services</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>1,150</b>	<b>1,180</b>	<b>1,210</b>	<b>1,240</b>	<b>1,270</b>
Service Management	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Net Cost of Services after Recharges</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>1,150</b>	<b>1,180</b>	<b>1,210</b>	<b>1,240</b>	<b>1,270</b>
<b>Funded By:</b>						
Contribution To/ (From) Reserves	117	(39)	(167)	(285)	(395)	(505)
Precept (Council Tax)	(1,237)	(1,111)	(1,013)	(925)	(845)	(765)
<b>Total Funding</b>	<b>(1,120)</b>	<b>(1,150)</b>	<b>(1,180)</b>	<b>(1,210)</b>	<b>(1,240)</b>	<b>(1,270)</b>